MULTIPLICATION AND DIVISION FACTS SHEET 1
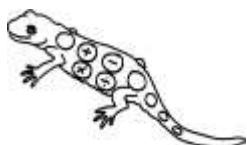
Multiplication and division are inverse operations of each other. Change each division fact to two different multiplication facts.

Example: 12 ÷ 3 = 4 means that 3 x 4 = 12 and 4 x 3 = 12.

1) $10 ÷ 5 = 2$ means $2 \times 5 = 10$ and

2) $16 ÷ 2 = 8$ means   and

3) $21 ÷ 3 = 7$ means   and

4) $50 ÷ 10 = 5$ means   and

5) $24 ÷ 3 = 8$ means   and

6) $32 ÷ 8 = 4$ means   and

7) $27 ÷ 9 = 3$ means   and

8) $40 ÷ 5 = 8$ means   and

9) $36 ÷ 4 = 9$ means   and

10) $42 ÷ 7 = 6$ means   and

11) $72 ÷ 9 = 8$ means   and

12) $18 ÷ 3 = 6$ means   and

13) $48 ÷ 8 = 6$ means   and

14) $54 ÷ 6 = 9$ means   and

15) $80 ÷ 10 = 8$ means   and

16) $63 ÷ 7 = 9$ means   and

17) $48 ÷ 6 = 8$ means   and

18) $56 ÷ 7 = 8$ means   and

MULTIPLICATION AND DIVISION FACTS SHEET 1 ANSWERS

1)	$10 \div 5 = 2$	means	$2 \times 5 = 10$	and	$5 \times 2 = 10$
2)	$16 \div 2 = 8$	means	$8 \times 2 = 16$	and	$2 \times 8 = 16$
3)	$21 \div 3 = 7$	means	$7 \times 3 = 21$	and	$3 \times 7 = 21$
4)	$50 \div 10 = 5$	means	$5 \times 10 = 50$	and	$10 \times 5 = 50$
5)	$24 \div 3 = 8$	means	$8 \times 3 = 24$	and	$3 \times 8 = 24$
6)	$32 \div 8 = 4$	means	$4 \times 8 = 32$	and	$8 \times 4 = 32$
7)	$27 \div 9 = 3$	means	$3 \times 9 = 27$	and	$9 \times 3 = 27$
8)	$40 \div 5 = 8$	means	$8 \times 5 = 40$	and	$5 \times 8 = 40$
9)	$36 \div 4 = 9$	means	$9 \times 4 = 36$	and	$4 \times 9 = 36$
10)	$42 \div 7 = 6$	means	$6 \times 7 = 42$	and	$7 \times 6 = 42$
11)	$72 \div 9 = 8$	means	$8 \times 9 = 72$	and	$9 \times 8 = 72$
12)	$18 \div 3 = 6$	means	$6 \times 3 = 18$	and	$3 \times 6 = 18$
13)	$48 \div 8 = 6$	means	$6 \times 8 = 48$	and	$8 \times 6 = 48$
14)	$54 \div 6 = 9$	means	$9 \times 6 = 54$	and	$6 \times 9 = 54$
15)	$80 \div 10 = 8$	means	$8 \times 10 = 80$	and	$10 \times 8 = 80$
16)	$63 \div 7 = 9$	means	$9 \times 7 = 63$	and	$7 \times 9 = 63$
17)	$48 \div 6 = 8$	means	$8 \times 6 = 48$	and	$6 \times 8 = 48$
18)	$56 \div 7 = 8$	means	$8 \times 7 = 56$	and	$7 \times 8 = 56$